

# AMICASIL

## Antibiotics

#### **Recommended treatment of:**

Short-term treatment of serious infections due to susceptible strains of Gram-negative bacteria, including Pseudomonas aeruginosa, E.Coli, Proteus indolo+ and indolo-, Providencia, Klebsiella enterobacter strains, Serratia, and Acinetobacter.

For further detailed description, see back side.

#### **Route of administration:** i.m: i.v.

Active principle: Amikacin Sulphate

**Dosage & pack size:** 500 mg/2 ml – box of 10 ampoules

**Registered for use in:** Italy, Azerbaijan, Georgia





### **Recommended treatment of:**

- bacteremia, septicemia and neonatal sepsis;
- serious infections of respiratory tract, infections of bones and articulations, SNC infections (including meningitis), intra-abdominal infections including peritonitis, burns and post-surgery infections including vascular surgery infections;
- serious urinary tract recurring infections due to Gram-negative organisms;
- infections caused by staphylococcus: Amikacin may be adopted as attack therapy in ascertained or presumed staphylococcal infections, when the subject is allergic to other antibiotics or in infections caused by staphylococcus and Gram-negative organisms;
- neonatal sepsis when the antibiotic sensitivity test excludes the introduction of any other aminoglycosides;

Amikacin is active against some strains of Gram-negative bacteria resistant to gentamicin, tobramycin, and kanamycin, including Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Proteus rettgeri, Providencia stuartii, and Serratia marcescens.

